



Finding the Needle in the Haystack with Dicozorus

A New Companion for Advanced Web Fuzzing

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- My main focus is web applications
- Training instructor
 - Attacking Web Applications
 - Practical Web 0-Day Hunting

About Synacktiv

- French offensive security company
- 189 security experts
- 5 Departments
 - Pentest / Red Team
 - Reverse
 - Development
 - Revel·IO
 - Incident Response
- We are hiring!

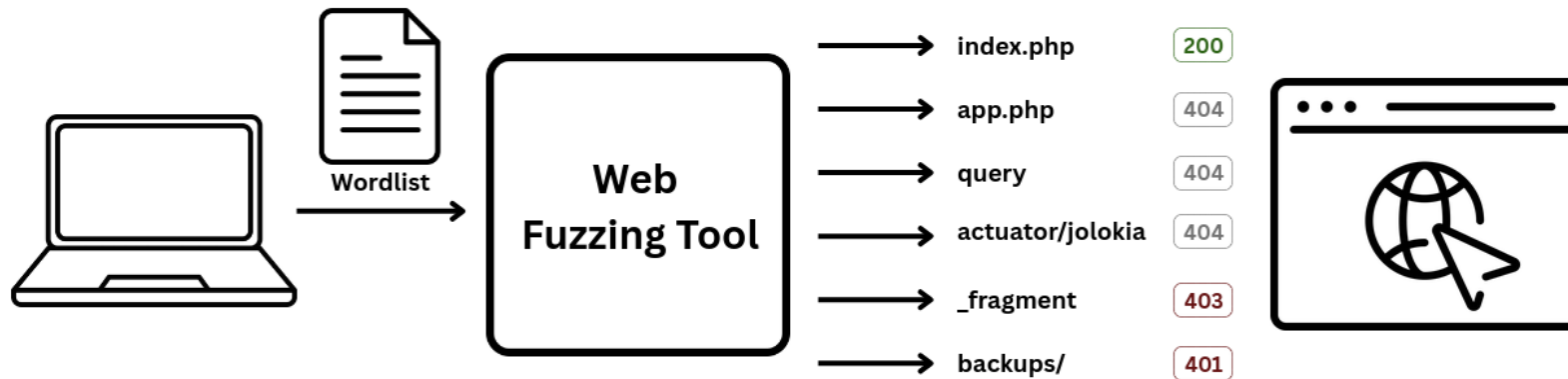
Overview

- Introduction
- Common problems with wordlists
- Improving your wordlists
- Dicozorus concepts and CLI
- Demo !
- Results
- Conclusion

Introduction

Web Fuzzing

- Fuzzing is a critical step during web penetration tests
- Using a tool, the auditor iterates through a list of entries
- This allows them to map exposed endpoints



A critical task

- Penetration testing / Red teams heavily rely on fuzzing
- Finding a critical endpoint can make the difference
- Results heavily depend on the quality and the relevancy of the wordlists

Synacktiv's statistics

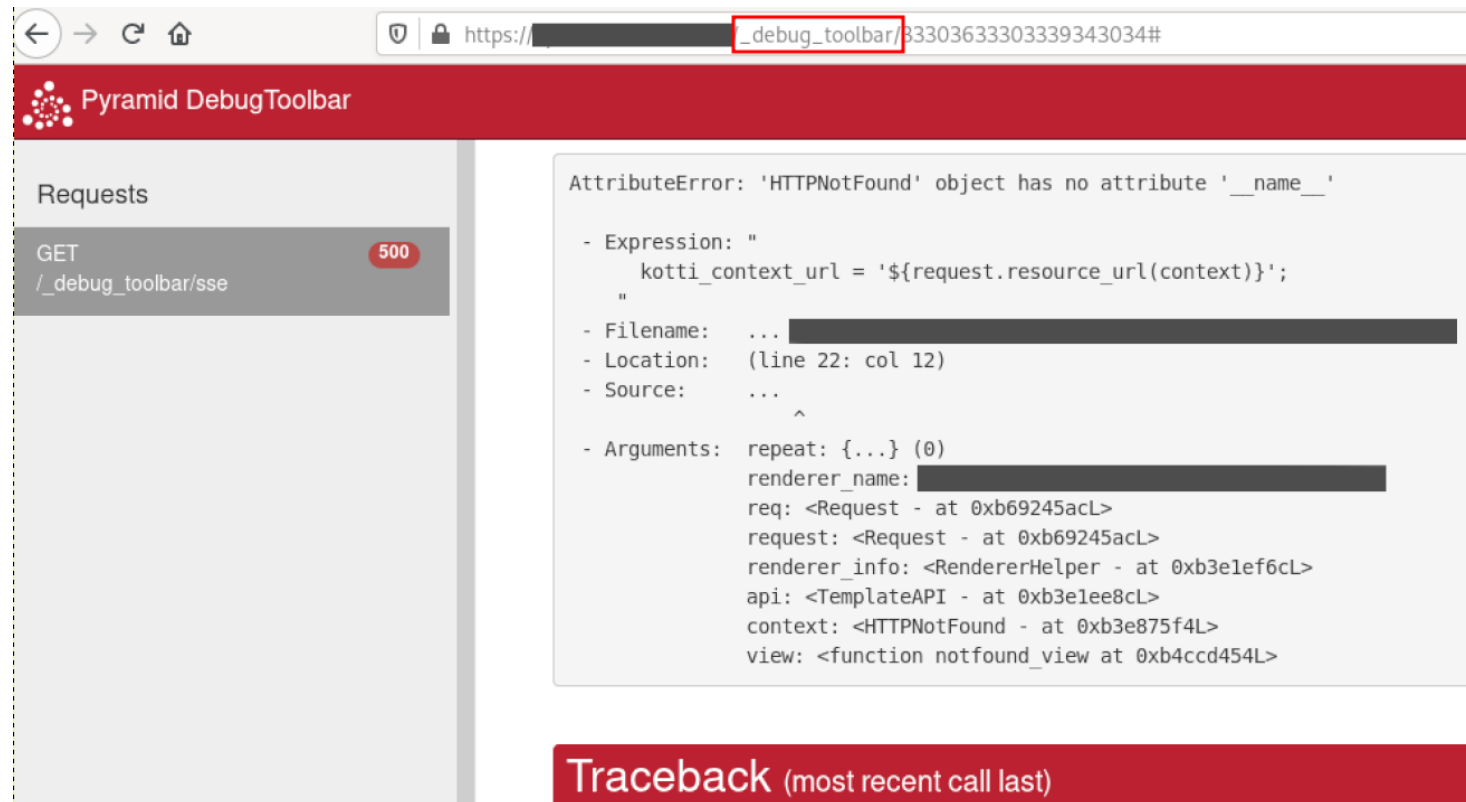
- 50% of RedTeam initial entry points are web applications
- In 90% of the cases, initial entry points lead to a full infrastructure compromise

The trigger

- I used to blindly rely on public wordlists
- During a RedTeam in 2020, we nearly missed a critical endpoint
- We had a huge target with many web applications exposed ...
 - but no quick win was discovered at first

The trigger

- In a second iteration, my colleague came up with this:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `https://[redacted]_debug_toolbar/83303633303339343034#`. The browser title is "Pyramid DebugToolbar". The left sidebar shows a "Requests" panel with a single entry: "GET /_debug_toolbar/sse" with a status code of "500". The main content area displays a Python traceback for an `AttributeError`: `'HTTPNotFound' object has no attribute '__name__'`. The traceback details include the expression `kotti_context_url = '${request.resource_url(context)}';`, the location `(line 22: col 12)`, and the arguments: `repeat: {...} (0)`, `renderer_name: [redacted]`, `req: <Request - at 0xb69245acL>`, `request: <Request - at 0xb69245acL>`, `renderer_info: <RendererHelper - at 0xb3e1ef6cL>`, `api: <TemplateAPI - at 0xb3e1ee8cL>`, `context: <HTTPNotFound - at 0xb3e875f4L>`, and `view: <function notfound_view at 0xb4ccd454L>`. A red banner at the bottom of the toolbar reads "Traceback (most recent call last)".

The trigger

- The entry **_debug_toolbar/** corresponds to a debugger
 - It is provided by the Pyramid framework
 - It gives you access to a Python interpreter, allowing RCE
- Yet I couldn't find it in **any of my wordlists**
 - Not in dirsearch dicc.txt
 - Not in quickhits.txt
 - Not in rafts wordlists
 - ...
- So I decided that it was time to start maintaining my own wordlists

Common problems with wordlists

What should be improved

- First let's analyse our current tools and processes
- What tools and wordlists are we currently using?
- What could be improved?

The tools



- We use a variety of fuzzing tools depending on everyone's preferences
- The tool used has minimal to no impact on the results
 - As long as you know how to use your favorite tool
 - Threads / Recursivity / Filtering / Encoding ...

Commonly used wordlists

- Each pentester usually has their own favorite ones
- Some wordlists often come up:

Vulnerability-focused	Generic	Technology Specific
dicc.txt (Dirsearch)	raft- [*] -files.txt	php.txt / jsp.txt / asp.txt (Assetnotes)
quickhits.txt (Seclists)	raft- [*] -dirs.txt	Local Files Windows (Burp)
fuzz.txt (BoOom)	raft- [*] -words.txt	Local Files Linux (Burp)

- Most wordlists can be OK, as long as:
 - You know what's inside
 - You run it on the appropriate target/context

Common problem: missing entries

- If the entry is not in your wordlist, you will not find it!
 - Check your wordlists
 - Are your usual high-value targets in the wordlist?



```
$ grep '_debug_toolbar' SecLists/Discovery/Web-Content/quickhits.txt; [ $? -eq 1 ] && echo "Entry not found"
Entry not found
$ grep '_debug_toolbar' dirsearch/db/dicc.txt; [ $? -eq 1 ] && echo "Entry not found"
Entry not found
$ grep '_debug_toolbar' fuzz.txt/fuzz.txt; [ $? -eq 1 ] && echo "Entry not found"
Entry not found
```

Common problem: sorting

- Most wordlists are not sorted
 - Some of them are alphabetically sorted
 - quickhits.txt / dicc.txt (dirsearch) / hfuzz.txt

```
$ grep -n "Telerik.Web.UI.WebResource.axd" hfuzz.txt  
164749:Telerik.Web.UI.WebResource.axd  
164750:Telerik.Web.UI.WebResource.axd?type=r%61u  
164752:Telerik.Web.UI.WebResource.axd?type=rau
```

- When time is limited, top priority entries should be at the top of your wordlist
 - Even more important when the size of the wordlist grows
- If the wordlist is smartly sorted, adapting its size to the scope is easy

Common problem: Improper sizing

- When the wordlist is not sorted, adjusting its size is gambling with your results
- Yet fitting the size of the wordlist to your scope is sometimes mandatory
 - Very large scope
 - Narrow scope
 - Undersized server / Network bottleneck

```
2567 quickhits.txt
9680 dicc.txt
37050 raft-large-files.txt
62281 raft-large-directories.tx
2032825 onelistforallshort.txt
```

Common problem: Irrelevant entries

- If you are scanning a **WordPress**
 - you probably don't want to use a wordlist with .jsp or .aspx entries
- If you are scanning a **web path**
 - you probably don't want to include HTTP methods
- If you are scanning for an **LFI**
 - you will want to adapt the paths to the targeted OS (Linux / Windows / etc.)
- If entries contain **payloads in GET parameters**
 - you want to ensure that it will work with your scanning configuration

Common problem: Junk entries

- By carefully reviewing your wordlists you may come across junk entries
 - They are usually the result of automated generation
 - They might also have been inadvertently introduced or altered

```
$ grep -P "[^\x00-\x7F]" onelistforallshort.txt
[...]
awst/è%¼ç»´æ-ç%¹/background/advertisingfile/advertising.asp
5-è°æ-†/cnkiæY¥é†æS¥å'Š/è¶³çfè@ç»fç>'æZSè½-ä»¶ç³»ç»Yçš,,è@¾è@jä, Žå¼€å' -æ-†ææ-ååå^¶æEæµ<æS¥å'Šå•i¼^å...´æ-†å¹¹ç...Si¼%_files/redimage.aspx
/XY>.7d8T\205pZM@www.whitelisteddomain.tld+@localdomain.pw/
/www.whitelisteddomain.tld+&@localdomain.pw#+@www.whitelisteddomain.tld/
//www.whitelisteddomain.tld@aaaaaaaaaaaaaa/%2f..
<title>payloads/env.txt at main · coffinxp/payloads · GitHub</title>
[...]
```

Common problem: Junk entries

- Every time the wordlist is used, those entries are thrown to your target
 - This increases your chances of detection
 - This also increases the time of your scans
- Review wordlists that you frequently used

Common problem: Dangerous entries?

- Some wordlists also contain "dangerous" entries

```
shutdown
reboot
actuator/shutdown
delete-data.php
```

- This can be fine as long as you are ok with shutting your target down ...



This site can't be reached

████████.com took too long to respond.

Try:

- Checking the connection
- [Checking the proxy and the firewall](#)

ERR_TIMED_OUT

Improving your wordlists

Improving your wordlists

- Now how can we address the aforementioned challenges?
 - Reviewing each wordlist manually?
 - Ideally, we want to have a wordlist for each situation
 - Maintaining multiple wordlists can quickly become challenging
- To solve these problems, I developed a tool : Dicozorus.
- It is designed to:
 - Bind entries with metadata
 - Classify entries
 - Generate wordlists tailored to different contexts
 - Easily ingest and review existing wordlists

Bind entries with metadata

- **Bind entries with metadata**
 - **Criticality:** CRITICAL | HIGH | MEDIUM | LOW | INFO | UNRANKED
 - **Count:** How many times the entry was seen
 - **Category:** Type of "vulnerability" it is attached to
 - RCE, SQLI, XXE, ADMIN_INTERFACE, KNOWN_APP, ...
 - **Tags:** list of keywords to store additional information
 - PHP, JAVA, GO
 - **Reference:** A link that identifies this entry as related to a vulnerability or a known endpoint

- **Classify entries**
 - Once entries are linked to metadata (criticality, category, count), we want to be able to:
 - Sort the entries (by criticality, and count most of the time)
 - Select entries that correspond to specific criteria (criticality, tag, category, etc.)

Generate wordlists tailored to our context

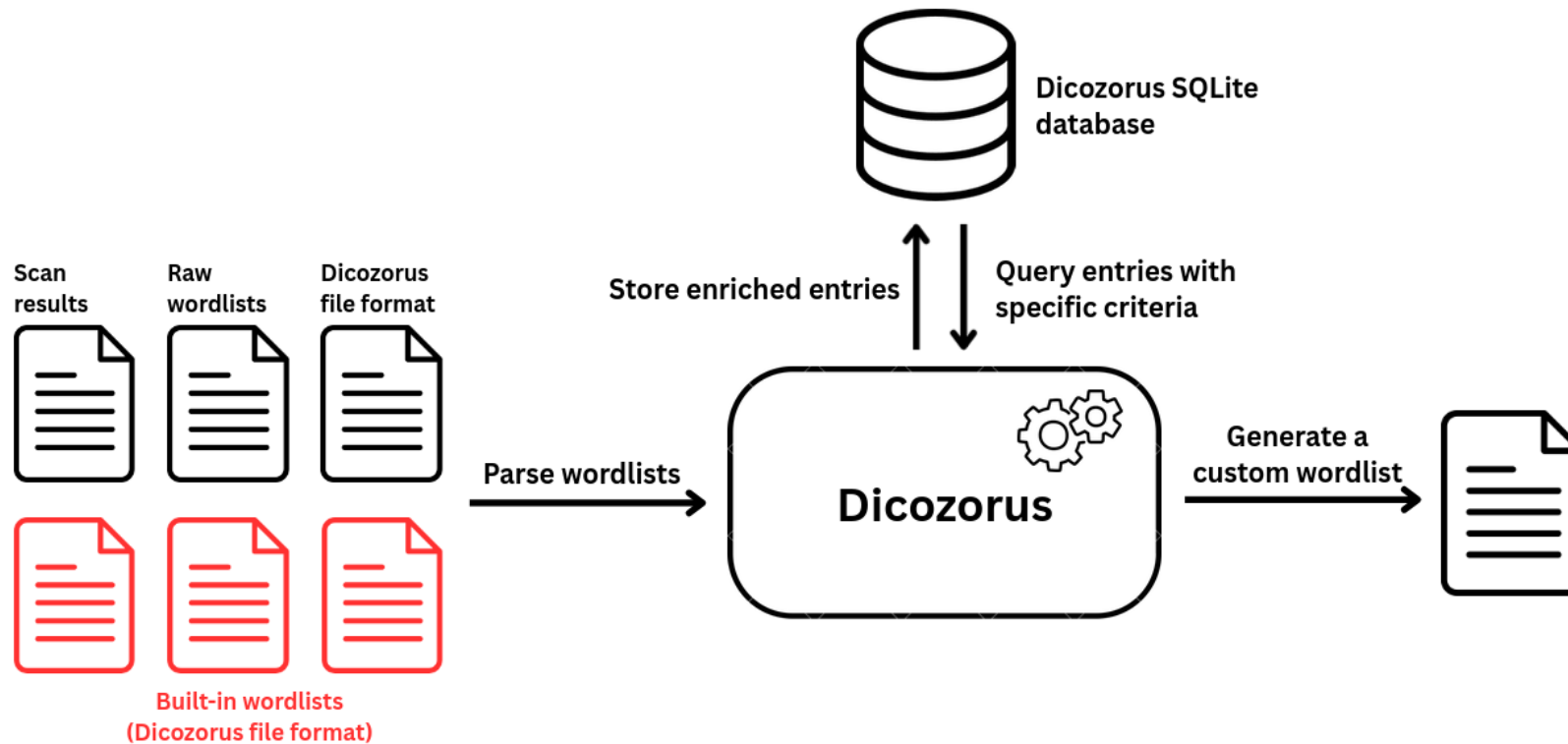
- **Generate wordlists tailored to our context**
 - With enriched / classified entries, we must be capable of:
 - Generating wordlists sorted by criticality
 - Adapting the size of the wordlist to the size of the scope
 - Filtering out entries that are not relevant to our scope

Ingesting and reviewing existing wordlists

- **Easily ingest and review existing wordlists**
 - **Ingest:** easily parse different formats
 - Raw wordlists
 - Patator / dirsearch results files
 - **Dicozorus custom format**
 - **Review:** analyze existing wordlist / entries
 - Identify missing / additional entries
 - Give metadata about known entries

Dicozorus concepts

Dicozorus overview



Dicozorus file format

- Just basic CSV files

```
## path, criticality, count, category, tags, reference  
"_fragment", "CRITICAL", "1", "RCE", "PHP", "https://www.ambionics.io/blog/symfony-secret-fragment"
```

- It can be partially filled

```
"2019/", "INFO", "1", "", "", ""
```

- I usually group entries by criticality

```
critical.wordlist high.wordlist medium.wordlist low.wordlist info.wordlist
```

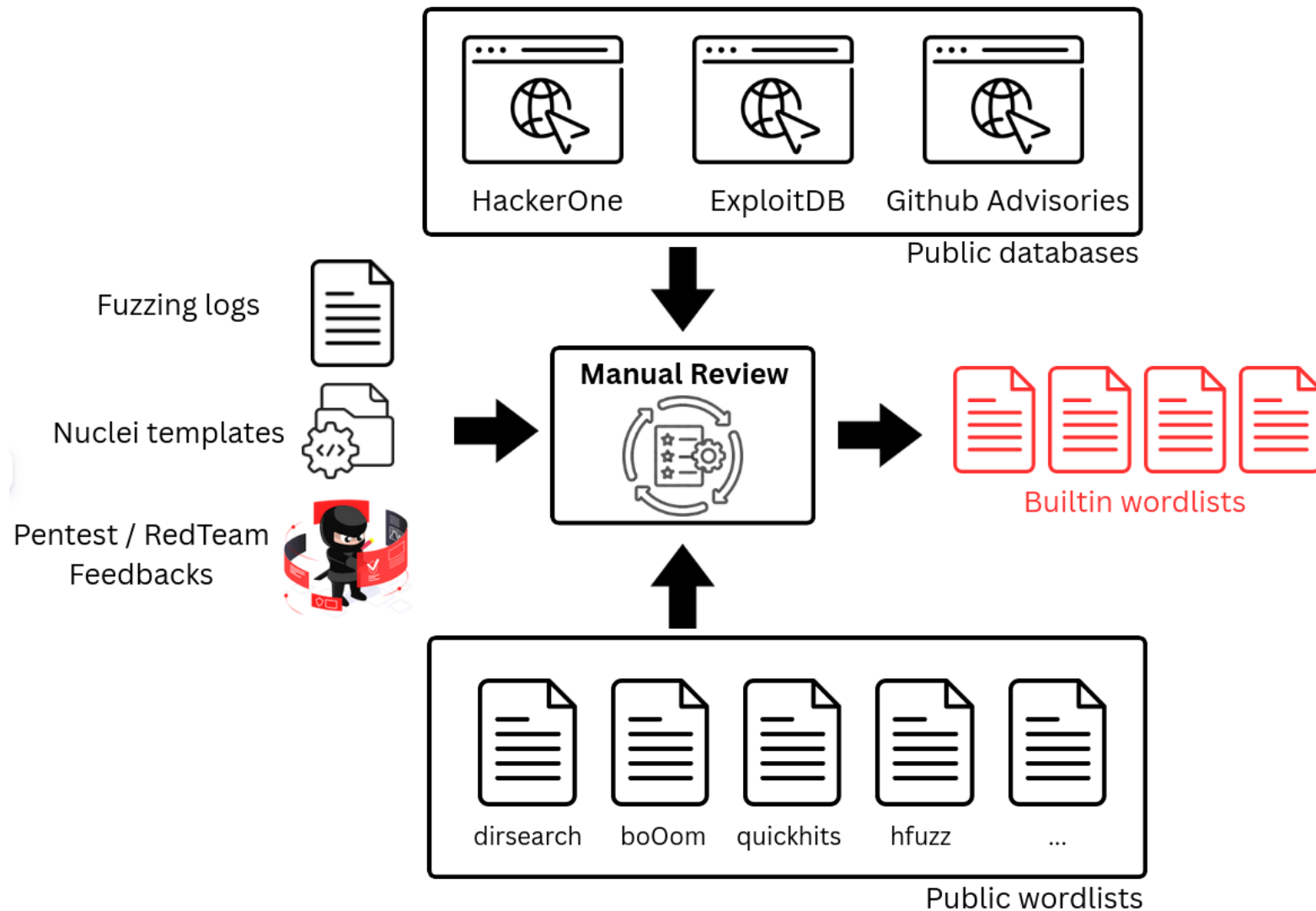
Dicozorus database

- The database does not store more information than CSV files
 - Just facilitate indexing / aggregation / querying
- When feeding the wordlist into the database, Dicozorus will:
 - Merge entries with the same path
 - Keep the highest criticality
 - Increase the count
- You can choose to start with an empty database or use our built-in wordlists

Dicozorus built-in wordlists

- Along with Dicozorus, we provide **a set of built-in wordlists**
 - These wordlists contain already enriched entries
 - The enrichment was done by **manually reviewing each entry**
- It also contains a set of **UNRANKED** entries
 - They come from sources that we consider relevant
 - They were **not manually reviewed**

Built-in wordlists sources



Dicozorus CLI

- Dicozorus is a Python-based command line tool
- It provides 6 sub-commands

INIT	Initialize the Dicozorus database
FEED	Feed new files into the database
GEN	Generate a wordlist
MODIFY	Modify entries in the database
CHECK	Compare the current database against a wordlist
STATS	Give statistics of the current database

- **INIT** - Initialize the Dicozorus database

```
$ dicozorus init -h
usage: dicozorus init [-h] [-e] [-F] [-m] [-D] [-W WORDLISTS_FOLDER]

options:
  -h, --help                show this help message and exit
  -e, --empty               Initialize an empty database. If not specified, database will contain entries
                           from data/*.wordlist
  -F, --force               Force database initialization (DELETE database content)
  -m, --minimal             Initialize the dicozorus database with criticality wordlists only
  -D, --dangerous           Include the dangerous.wordlist file. This one contains dangerous entries such
                           as "actuator/shutdown"
  -W, --wordlists-folder WORDLISTS_FOLDER
                           A folder that stores the initialization wordlists. By default dicozorus
                           will look in ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/
```

- **INIT** - Initialize the Dicozorus database

```
$ dicozorus init -F
[+] Initializing dicozorus database
[+] Creating dicozorus tables
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/critical.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/high.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/medium.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/low.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/info.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/unranked.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/seen.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/hackerone.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/exploitdb.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/bo0om.wordlist
[+] Parsing dicozorus CSV file ~/.dicozorus/wordlists/dirsearch.wordlist
```

- **FEED** - Populate the database by ingesting files

```
$ dicozorus feed -h
usage: dicozorus feed [-h] [-w WORDLIST [WORDLIST ...]] [-p PATATOR [PATATOR ...]] [-d DIRSEARCH [DIRSEARCH ...]]
                    [-D DICOZORUS [DICOZORUS ...]] [-i IGNORE_COMMENTS] [-f FILTER] [-u]
                    [-c {UNRANKED,INFO,LOW,MEDIUM,HIGH,CRITICAL}]

options:
  -h, --help                show this help message and exit
  -w, --wordlist WORDLIST [WORDLIST ...]
                            Feed dicozorus with one or more wordlists.
  -p, --patator PATATOR [PATATOR ...]
                            Feed dicozorus with one or more patator CSV files
  -d, --dirsearch DIRSEARCH [DIRSEARCH ...]
                            Feed dicozorus with one or more dirsearch results files
  -D, --dicozorus DICOZORUS [DICOZORUS ...]
                            Feed dicozorus with one or more dicozorus CSV files
  -i, --ignore-comments IGNORE_COMMENTS
                            Ignore all entries starting with the specified string
  -f, --filter FILTER       Comma separated HTTP codes. Only treat entries matching specified HTTP codes.
  -u, --update-count-only
                            Do not insert any new entries in dicozorus DB. (only updatecount)
  -c, --criticality {UNRANKED,INFO,LOW,MEDIUM,HIGH,CRITICAL}
                            Set the criticality of the provided entries
```

- **GEN** - Generate a wordlist matching the specified criteria

```
$ dicozorus gen -h
usage: dicozorus gen [-h] [-o OUTPUT] [-m MAX_ENTRIES] [-s SORT] [-S] [-D] [-F] [-P]
                  [--min-criticality {UNRANKED,INFO,LOW,MEDIUM,HIGH,CRITICAL} | -c CRITICALITY]
                  [-f FILTER | -t SELECT_BY_TAGS]

options:
  -h, --help                show this help message and exit
  -o, --output OUTPUT       Save the generated wordlist to the specified file
  -m, --max-entries MAX_ENTRIES
                             Maximum number of entries to generate
  -s, --sort SORT           Specify the criteria to use to sort entries. Comma separated list of values in
                             (criticality, count, name, type). Default is criticality,count
  -S, --shuffle             Print a randomly shuffled version of the selected entries
  -D                         Only output entries of type DIR. Can be combined with -F and -P. Default is -DFP
  -F                         Only output entries of type FILE. Can be combined with -D and -P. Default is
                             -DFP
  -P                         Only output entries of type PATH. Can be combined with -D and -F. Default is
                             -DFP
  --min-criticality {UNRANKED,INFO,LOW,MEDIUM,HIGH,CRITICAL}
                             Only output entries equal or greater than the specified criticality
  -c, --criticality CRITICALITY
                             Comma separated values within ["UNRANKED", "INFO", "LOW", "MEDIUM", "HIGH",
                             "CRITICAL"]. Ex:HIGH,CRITICAL
  -f, --filter FILTER       Filter out entries matching regular expression
  -t, --select-by-tags SELECT_BY_TAGS
                             Select entries based on a comma separated list of tags
```

- Generate a wordlist sorted by criticality and count

```
$ dicozorus gen -o wordlist.txt
```

- Generate a 1000 entries wordlist

```
$ dicozorus gen -m 1000 -o wordlist.txt
```

- All **CRITICAL** and **HIGH** entries with a PHP tag

```
$ dicozorus gen -t PHP -c CRITICAL,HIGH -o php.txt
```

- **GEN** - Sample output

```
$ dicozorus gen -F -c CRITICAL -m 20
index.php
ajax.php
search.php
login.htm
script
app
setup.cgi
xmlrpc.php
code
dig.php
spip.php
filter
fw.login.php
index.jsp
protocol.csp
query
session
upgrade_handle.php
cgi
data
```

- **GEN** - Sample verbose output

```
$ dicozorus -v gen -F -c CRITICAL -m 20
[*] Executing query: SELECT * FROM dicozorus_entries WHERE (type="FILE") AND (criticity in (5)) ORDER BY criticity DESC, count DESC LIMIT 20
[*] index.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 43, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-20601]
[*] ajax.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 15, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-333440]
[*] search.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 15, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2021-32305]
[*] login.htm [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 14, category: RCE, taglist: [''], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-26919]
[*] script [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 14, category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://jenkins.io/doc/book/managing/script-console/]
[*] app [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 13, category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-2735]
[*] setup.cgi [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 11, category: RCE, taglist: [''], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-3056]
[*] xmlrpc.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 11, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-43187]
[*] code [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 5, category: RCE, taglist: ['PYTHON'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-24288]
[*] dig.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 5, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2009-1361]
[*] spip.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 5, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-27372]
[*] filter [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 4, category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVASCRIPT'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2025-1302]
[*] fw.login.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 4, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-17505]
[*] index.jsp [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 4, category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-9484]
[*] protocol.csp [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 4, category: RCE, taglist: [''], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2025-34152]
[*] query [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 4, category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVASCRIPT'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2025-1302]
[*] session [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 4, category: RCE, taglist: ['TYPESCRIPT'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2026-22812]
[*] upgrade_handle.php [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 4, category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://www.cvedetails.com/cve/CVE-2018-14933/]
[*] cgi [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 3, category: RCE, taglist: ['CGI'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-25061]
[*] data [type: FILE, criticity: CRITICAL, count: 3, category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVASCRIPT'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2025-1302]
```

- **MODIFY** - Manually edit the database content

```
$ dicozorus modify -h
usage: dicozorus modify [-h] (--add | --rm | --update) (--entry ENTRY | --wordlist WORDLIST) [--criticality CRITICALITY] [--count COUNT]
                        [--category CATEGORY] [--taglist TAGLIST] [--reference REFERENCE]

options:
  -h, --help            show this help message and exit
  --add                Add the specified entry
  --rm                 Remove the specified entry
  --update             Update the specified entry
  --entry ENTRY        The entry to be processed
  --wordlist WORDLIST  The file containing the entries to be processed
  --criticality CRITICALITY
                        The count for the entry/entries you want to add. Default is Unranked
  --count COUNT        The count for the entry/entries you want to add. Default is 1.
  --category CATEGORY  The category for the entry/entries you want to add. Default is none.
  --taglist TAGLIST    Comma separated taglist for the entry/entries you want to add. Default is none.
  --reference REFERENCE
                        A URL to a resource describing the issue. Default is none.
```

- **CHECK** - Check an entry or a wordlist against the current database

```
$ dicozorus check -h
usage: dicozorus check [-h] [-M] (-w WORDLIST | -e ENTRY) [-c CRITICALITY] [-S]

options:
-h, --help                show this help message and exit
-M, --missing-in-wordlist
                          Print the entries present in the dicozorus database but not in the specified wordlist. The default behavior
                          is to check for entries missing in the dicozorus database.
-w, --wordlist WORDLIST  The wordlist to be checked.
-e, --entry ENTRY        The entry to be checked. If the specified entry is present in the database it will be printed along with
                          any information associated to this entry
-c, --criticality CRITICALITY
                          Comma separated values within ["UNRANKED", "INFO", "LOW", "MEDIUM", "HIGH", "CRITICAL"]. Ex:HIGH,CRITICAL
-S, --stats-only         Don't print out entries, only display statistics of the considered wordlist
```

Dicozorus CHECK

- Checking what is in Dirsearch wordlist and missing in Dicozorus

```
$ dicozorus check -w dicc.txt.noext
HEAD
.inc.php
.mysql.txt
.xhtml
.png
.axd
.flv
.ico
.PDF
PATCH
.asa
.jpeg
.mp3
POST
getFavicon?host=burpcollaborator.net
.jpg
.0
.aspx
~shutdown
.shtml
.xls
actuator/;/shutdown
[...]
```

- Checking for specific entries in Dicozorus

```
$ dicozorus check -e '_debug_toolbar/'
_debug_toolbar/ [type: DIRECTORY, criticality: CRITICAL, count: 1, category: RCE, taglist: ['PYTHON'],
reference: https://docs.pylonsproject.org/projects/pyramid_debugtoolbar/en/latest/]
$ dicozorus check -e 'bbs/logout.php'
bbs/logout.php [type: PATH, criticality: MEDIUM, count: 1, category: OPEN_REDIRECT, taglist: ['PHP'],
reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-37656]
$ dicozorus check -e 'xwiki/'
xwiki/ [type: DIRECTORY, criticality: LOW, count: 1, category: KNOWN_APP, taglist: ['JAVA'],
reference: https://xwiki.com/fr/]
```

Dicozorus STATS

- **STATS** - Gives statistics of the current database

```
$ dicozorus stats
[+] Total count: 22374
[+] Entry count by criticality:
    Critical: 344
    High: 697
    Medium: 667
    Low: 1168
    Info: 4262
    Unranked: 15236
[...]
[+] Entry count by category:
    KNOWN_APP: 871
    RCE: 335
    INFO_LEAK: 280
    XSS: 171
    BACKUP: 163
    ADMIN_INTERFACE: 162
    SQL_INJECTION: 144
    CONFIG: 121
    ARBITRARY_FILE_READ: 93
[...]
```

Demo

Results

Results

- Dicozorus has been used internally over the past 5 years
- The built-in wordlists currently holds 22374 entries
 - 7138 entries owns a criticality
 - The higher the criticality the lower the number of entries (more or less)
 - Severity as the primary sorting criterion enables highly targeted wordlists

[+] Entry count by criticality:

Critical: 344

High: 697

Medium: 667

Low: 1168

Info: 4262

Unranked: 15236

- Comparing Dicozorus with existing wordlists doesn't make much sense
 - The tool is designed to maintain your own wordlists
 - Each pentester will have their own ideas of what should or should not be in a wordlist
 - You don't have to rely on the built-in database
 - You can use it as a tool to maintain / compile wordlists

Results

- Comparing Dicozorus with existing wordlists doesn't make much sense
- **But let's do it anyway ...**



- Comparing the built-in DB with Dirsearch's wordlist
 - Entries - Dicozorus: 22374 | Dirsearch: 9680
 - Entries missing with a level equal to CRITICAL | HIGH | MEDIUM

```
$ dicozorus check -M -w dicc.txt.noext -c CRITICAL,HIGH,MEDIUM | wc -l  
1294
```

- Some of the missing CRITICAL entries

```
birt/document [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://bugs.eclipse.org/bugs/show\_bug.cgi?id=538142  
_debug_toolbar/ [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['PYTHON'], reference: https://docs.pylonsproject.org/projects/pyramid\_debugtoolbar/en/latest/  
functionRouter [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-22963  
SamlResponseServlet [...] 1, category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-47966  
scan-engine/update [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['PYTHON'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-50094  
scriptText [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://jenkins.io/doc/book/managing/script-console/  
server/executeExec [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2025-45854
```

- Comparing the built-in DB with quickhits.txt
 - Entries - Dicozorus: 22374 | quickhits.txt: 2567
 - Entries missing with a level equal to CRITICAL | HIGH | MEDIUM

```
$ dicozorus check -M -w quickhits.txt -c CRITICAL,HIGH,MEDIUM | wc -l  
1536
```

- Some of the missing CRITICAL entries

```
_debug_toolbar/ [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['PYTHON'], reference: https://docs.pylonsproject.org/projects/pyramid\_debugtoolbar/en/latest/  
_fragment [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://www.ambionics.io/blog/symfony-secret-fragment  
function/save [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-0195  
jenkins/scriptText [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['JAVA'], reference: https://jenkins.io/doc/book/managing/script-console/  
ping.php [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['PHP'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-37123  
run [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['PYTHON'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2020-16846  
v1/tools/run [...] category: RCE, taglist: ['PYTHON'], reference: https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2025-51482
```

- Red Team initial entry points
 - **_debug_toolbar/** → RCE which led to further infrastructure compromise [D][Q][R]
 - **birt-viewer/document** → RCE which led to further infrastructure compromise [D][Q][R]
 - **app_dev.php** → Debugging interface that led to credential leak [R]
 - **c.php** → A webshell stored on a client internet-facing server [D][Q]
 - **script** → RCE through a Jenkins Groovy console with weak credentials [Q]
 - **xmlpserver/ReportTemplateService.xls** → XXE in Oracle Business Intelligence. Converted to RCE using another CVE [D][Q][R]
 - **Telerik.Web.UI.DialogHandler.aspx** → Arbitrary file uploads, found in 2 Red Teams [Q][R]
 - **invoker/readonly** → Pre-auth deserialization, led to further infrastructure compromise [D][Q][R]
- D = Dirsearch ; Q = Quickhits ; R = Raft
- **Update your wordlists!**

Conclusion

Conclusion

- Dicozorus addresses a fundamental need in a pentester's arsenal: **maintaining wordlists**
- It has significantly contributed to improving our internal fuzzing processes
- Key Benefits:
 - Metadata enriched entries
 - Tailored wordlist generation
 - A built-in set of refined wordlists
 - Eases wordlist maintenance
- The tool is open-source, feel free to try it and give us some feedback
 - <https://github.com/synacktiv/dicozorus>
- Don't care about the tool / just want a nice wordlist
 - <https://github.com/synacktiv/dicozorus/blob/main/lazy.txt>



 <https://github.com/synacktiv/dicozorus>